VOCABULARY 7 (REVIEW)

- 1. <u>pronoun</u>- a word that takes the place of one or more nouns
- 2. antecedent- the noun that the pronoun refers to
- 3. object pronoun- a pronoun used as a direct/indirect object
- 4. <u>subject pronoun</u>- a pronoun used as a subject of a sentence
- 5. possessive pronoun- a pronoun that shows ownership
- 6. indefinite pronoun- a pronoun that has no clear antecedent
- 7. interrogative pronoun- a pronoun used to form a question
- 8. <u>reflexive pronoun (intensive</u>)- refers to the subject and directs the action of the verb
- 9. demonstrative pronoun- points out a person, place, or thing
- 10. <u>adjective</u>- describes or modifies a noun or pronoun

EXAMPLES:

object pronouns (objective case): me, you, him, her, it, us, them

subject pronouns (nominative case): I, you, he, she, it, we, they

<u>possessive pronouns</u>: my, your, his, her, its, our, their, mine, ours, yours, hers, theirs

<u>indefinite pronouns</u>: anybody, anyone, anything, each, everybody, everyone, everything, nobody, nothing, somebody, someone, something, all, both, few, many, others, several, some

reflexive (intensive) pronouns: myself, yourself, himself, themselves, etc.

demonstrative pronouns- this, that, these, those

interrogative pronouns: who, whom, whose, which, what

adjectives: many times come right after the word they're describing

articles: a, an, the